

Cellerator™ Arrow Quick Reference

Cellerator Arrow	Name, interpret [] format, Differential Equations	Typical Biochemical Notation and other notes
$S \rightarrow P$	Conversion: interpret [{ { S → P, k } , ... }] $\frac{dP}{dt} = kS, \frac{dS}{dt} = -kS$	$S \xrightarrow{k} P$
$A + B \rightarrow C$	Unidirectional: interpret [{ { A + B → C, k } , ... }] $\frac{dA}{dt} = -kAB, \frac{dB}{dt} = -kAB, \frac{dC}{dt} = kAB$	$A + B \xrightarrow{k} C$
$A + B^n \rightarrow C$	Cooperative Unidirectional: (n must be an integer) interpret [{ { A + B ⁿ → C, k } , ... }] $\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dB}{dt} = -kAB^n = -\frac{dC}{dt}$	$A + nB \xrightarrow{k} C$
$A \rightleftharpoons B$	Bidirectional Conversion: interpret [{ { A ⇌ B, k _f , k _r } , ... }] $\frac{dA}{dt} = -\frac{dB}{dt} = -k_f A + k_r B,$	$A \xrightleftharpoons[k_r]{k_f} B$
$A + B \rightleftharpoons C$	Bidirectional: interpret [{ { A + B ⇌ C, k _f , k _r } , ... }] $\frac{dA}{dt} = \frac{dB}{dt} = -\frac{dC}{dt} = -k_f AB + k_r C,$	$A + B \xrightleftharpoons[k_r]{k_f} C$
$\phi \rightarrow A$	Creation: interpret [{ { φ → A, k } , ... }] $\frac{dA}{dt} = k$	$\xrightarrow{k} A$
$A \rightarrow \emptyset$	Annihilation: interpret [{ { A → ∅, k } , ... }] $\frac{dA}{dt} = -kA$	$A \xrightarrow{k}$
$S \xrightleftharpoons[E]{E} P$	Catalytic*: interpret [{ { S $\xrightleftharpoons{E}$ P, k _f , k _r , k } , ... }] $\frac{dS}{dt} = -k_f SE + k_r X, \frac{dP}{dt} = kX,$ $\frac{dX}{dt} = -\frac{dE}{dt} = k_f SE - (k + k_r)X$	$S + E \xrightleftharpoons[k_r]{k_f} X \xrightarrow{k} E + P$
$S \xrightleftharpoons[F]{E} P$	Bidirectional Catalytic*: interpret [{ { A $\xrightleftharpoons{F}$ B, a ₁ , d ₁ , k ₁ , a ₂ , d ₂ , k ₂ } , $\frac{dS}{dt} = a_1 SE + d_1 X + k_2 Y, \frac{dP}{dt} = k_1 X - a_2 PF + d_2 Y$ $\frac{dE}{dt} = -a_1 SE + (d_1 + k_1)X = -\frac{dX}{dt},$ $\frac{dF}{dt} = -a_2 PF + (d_2 + k_2)Y = -\frac{dY}{dt}$	$S + E \xrightleftharpoons[d_1]{a_1} X \xrightarrow{k_1} E + P$ $P + F \xrightleftharpoons[d_2]{a_2} Y \xrightarrow{k_2} F + S$ Equivalent to the set $\{ S \xrightleftharpoons[E]{E} P, P \xrightleftharpoons[F]{F} S \}$
$S \xrightarrow[E]{E} P$	Simplified non-saturating catalytic*: interpret [{ { S $\xrightarrow{E}$ P, k } , ... }] $\frac{dP}{dt} = kES, \frac{dS}{dt} = -kES$	$S + E \xrightarrow{k} P + E$

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$\begin{matrix} E \\ S \mapsto P \end{matrix}$	Simplified Saturating Catalytic* : interpret [{ {A $\mapsto$ B, hill [options] } , ... }] $\frac{dP}{dt} = \frac{(k_0 + kE)S}{K_M + S}, \quad \frac{dS}{dt} = \frac{-(k_0 + kE)S}{K_M + S}$ Options [hill] = { v _{max} $\rightarrow$ 1, n _{hill} $\rightarrow$ 1, k _{half} $\rightarrow$ 1, basalRate $\rightarrow$ 0 } In this example: v _{max} $\rightarrow$ k, basalRate $\rightarrow$ k ₀ , k _{half} $\rightarrow$ K _M , n _{hill} $\rightarrow$ n * The variable "E" is used for illustrative purposes only, and should be avoided. Mathematica assigns a value of 2.718... to the symbol E.	Gives Michaelis-Menten kinetics when k ₀ = 0. Equivalent to $S \xrightleftharpoons{E} P$ under the assumptions that (1) the concentration of intermediate (X) is steady state; (2) that E represents total (free plus bound) enzyme, (3) that K _M = (k + k _r) / k _f , and (4) the basal rate k ₀ = 0.
$A \mapsto B$	Transcriptional regulation of B by A : interpret [{ {A $\mapsto$ B, hill [options] } , ... }] $\frac{dB}{dt} = r_0 + \frac{r_1 + vA^n}{k^n + A^n}, \quad \frac{dA}{dt} = 0$ Options [hill] = { v _{max} $\rightarrow$ 1, n _{hill} $\rightarrow$ 1, k _{half} $\rightarrow$ 1, basalRate $\rightarrow$ 0 } In this example: v _{max} $\rightarrow$ v, basalRate $\rightarrow$ {r ₀ , r ₁ }, k _{half} $\rightarrow$ K _M , n _{hill} $\rightarrow$ n If basalRate is an Atom it is used for r ₀ and r ₁ = 0	The set {A _i $\mapsto$ B}, i = 1, 2, ..., p, is interpreted as: $\frac{dB}{dt} = r_0 + \frac{\left(r_1 + \sum_{i=1}^p v_i T_i A_i\right)^n}{k^n + \left(r_1 + \sum_{i=1}^p v_i T_i A_i\right)^n}$
$A \mapsto B$	Transcriptional Regulation of B by A : interpret [{ {A $\mapsto$ B, GRN [options] } , ... }] $\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{R}{1 + e^{-TA^n + h}}$ Options [GRN] = { RGRN $\rightarrow$ 1, TGRN $\rightarrow$ 1, nGRN $\rightarrow$ 1, hGRN $\rightarrow$ 0 } In this example, RGRN $\rightarrow$ R, TGRN $\rightarrow$ T, nGRN $\rightarrow$ n, hGRN $\rightarrow$ h	The set {A _i $\mapsto$ B}, i = 1, 2, ..., p, is interpreted as: $\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{R}{1 + e^{-\left(\sum_i T_i A_i^{n_i} + h_i\right)}}$
$A \mapsto B$	NHCA dynamics* , regulation of B by A: interpret [{ {A $\mapsto$ B, NHCA [options] } , ... }] $\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{(1 + T^+ A^n)^m}{k(1 + T^- A^n)^m + (1 + T^+ A^n)^m}, \text{ or,}$ $\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{(1 + T\Theta(T)A^n)^m}{k(1 - T\Theta(-T)A^n)^m + (1 + T\Theta(T)A^n)^m}$ Options [NHCA] = { TPLUS $\rightarrow$ 1, TMINUS $\rightarrow$ 1, nNHCA $\rightarrow$ 1, kNHCA $\rightarrow$ 1, mNHCA $\rightarrow$ 1, TNHCA $\rightarrow$ { } } If TMCW is anything besides { } then the second form of the equation is used. If TMCW is not specified then the system defaults to the first equation. In the first example, TPLUS $\rightarrow$ T ⁺ , TMINUS $\rightarrow$ T ⁻ , nNHCA $\rightarrow$ n, mNHCA $\rightarrow$ m, kNHCA $\rightarrow$ k In the second example, TNHCA $\rightarrow$ T, nNHCA $\rightarrow$ n, mNHCA $\rightarrow$ m, kNHCA $\rightarrow$ k * Non-Heirarchical Cooperative Activation. The (+) and (-) in the superscript are used for illustrative purposes only here; they will lead to confusion in Mathematica and should be avoided.	The set {A _i $\mapsto$ B}, i = 1, 2, ..., p, is interpreted as: $\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{\prod_i (1 + T_i^+ A_i^{n_i})^m}{k \prod_i (1 + T_i^- A_i^{n_i})^m + \prod_i (1 + T_i^+ A_i^{n_i})^m}, \text{ or}$ $\frac{dB}{dt} = \frac{\prod_i (1 + T_i \Theta(T_i) A_i^{n_i})^m}{k \prod_i (1 - T_i \Theta(-T_i) A_i^{n_i})^m + \prod_i (1 + T_i \Theta(T_i) A_i^{n_i})^m}$
$\langle A_1, A_2, \dots \rangle \mapsto C$	NHCA dynamics with Competitive Binding. interpret [{ {A $\mapsto$ B, NHCA [options] } , ... }] Options [NHCA] = { TPLUS $\rightarrow$ { TP1, TP2, ... }, TMINUS $\rightarrow$ { TM1, TM2, ... }, nNHCA $\rightarrow$ { n1, n2, ... }, kNHCA $\rightarrow$ 1, mNHCA $\rightarrow$ 1, TNHCA $\rightarrow$ { } } $\frac{dC}{dt} = \left\{ 1 + \left(\sum_i T_i^+ A_i^{n_i} \right)^m \right\} / \left\{ k \left(\sum_i T_i^- A_i^{n_i} \right)^m + \left(\sum_i T_i^+ A_i^{n_i} \right)^m \right\}$ $\frac{dC}{dt} = \left\{ 1 + \left(\sum_i T_i \Theta(T_i) A_i^{n_i} \right)^m \right\} / \left\{ k \left(\sum_i (-T_i) \Theta(-T_i) A_i^{n_i} \right)^m + \left(\sum_i T_i \Theta(T_i) A_i^{n_i} \right)^m \right\} \text{ if TNHCA } \rightarrow \{ T_1, T_2, \dots \} \neq \{ \}$	